## Year 6 SATs

Grammar, Punctuation \& Spelling Revision \& Practice Booklet 5:

## Vocabulary \& Standard English



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## G6.1: Synonyms and Antonyms

## What are synonyms?

Synonyms are words which have the same (or a very similar) meaning to each other. An example of this is the word 'great' and the word 'excellent'. Both of these words share the same meaning.

My best friend is great at football. My best friend is excellent at football.
In this sentence, it does not matter which word you choose to use; both words give the sentence the same meaning.

## What are antonyms?

Antonyms are words which have the opposite meaning to each other. An example of this is the word 'always' and the word 'never'. These words have the opposite meaning.

My best friend always scores goals.
In this sentence, using an antonym gives the sentence the opposite meaning. the opposite meaning.
(1) Circle all the synonyms for the verb shout.

| bellow | loud | mutter | annoying |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| murmur | whisper | yell | call |

My best friend never scores goals.
2. Draw four lines to match each word to an antonym.

| expensive | ancient | difficult | admit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| modern | easy | cheap | deny |

(3) Write one synonym for each of the following words.

4. Write one antonym for each of the following words.


5 Circle the two words that are synonyms in the sentence below.

The lengthy and arduous journey took its toll on the voyagers; prolonged exposure to the sun caused their skin to blister and swell.
6. Circle the two words that are antonyms in the sentence below.

Initially thought to have been uninhabited for centuries, the forgotten city was populated with a variety of strange creatures.
(7) Which verb is a synonym of the verb build? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ glowering
○ construct
O towering
○ disassemble


8 Rewrite the following sentence, changing one word to give the sentence the opposite meaning.

The children noisily boarded the coach.


## G6.2: Prefixes

## What is a prefix?

A prefix is a set of letters that goes in front of a root word and changes its meaning. An example of a prefix is 'un-' which means 'not'.
un- + happy = unhappy

## unhappy means not happy

Which prefixes do I need to know and what do they mean? dis- means away, separate or not. dis- + agree = disagree (not agree) de- means off, down, away or from. de- + part = depart (part from) mis- means wrong or incorrect. mis- + count = miscount (wrongly count) over- means 'to excess' or 'too much'. over- + eat = overeat (eat too much) re- means again or back. re- + apply = reapply (apply again) super- means above or over. super- + human = superhuman (above human) anti- means against or opposing. anti- + freeze = antifreeze (against frozen) auto- means self. auto- + biography = autobiography (self biography)

1. Circle all of the words in the following sentence which contain a prefix.

The overexcited crowed watched in disbelief as the superhero saved the day by unleashing the antivenom into the city's automated water supply.
2) Draw three lines to match each word to its meaning. Use the meaning of the word's prefix to help you.

| misbehave | to think about something again |
| :---: | :---: |
| overconfident | to be too sure of yourself |
| reconsider | to act incorrectly |

(3) The prefix dis- can be added to the word believe to make the word disbelieve. What does the word disbelieve mean? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ to believe quickly
$\bigcirc$ to not believe
O to believe again
$\bigcirc$ to believe yourself

4. Using the prefix to help you, write the meaning of the following words.
replace

displace $\qquad$
$\qquad$
misplace


5 Draw three lines to match each root word to the prefix which would correctly change the word into its antonym.

| Prefix |
| :---: |
| mis- |
| dis- |
| de- |


(6) Which one prefix can be added to all three words below to form three new words?

Write the prefix in the box.
appear
fill
view
$\square$

## G6.3: Suffixes

## What is a suffix?

A suffix is a set of letters that goes at the end of a root word, changing or adding to its meaning. It can also show whether a word is a noun, a verb, an adjective or an adverb.
noun: darkness verb: darken adjective: darker adverb: darkly
Which suffixes do I need to know and what do they do?
-ate changes a noun or an adjective into a verb. An example is hibernate.
-ise changes a noun or an adjective into a verb. An example is advertise.
-ify changes a noun or an adjective into a verb. An example is solidify.
-en changes an adjective into a verb. An example is darken.
-ation changes $a$ verb into a noun. An example is adoration.
-ly changes an adjective into an adverb. An example is slowly.
-ous changes a noun into an adjective. An example is poisonous.
(1) Circle all of the words in the following passage which contain a suffix.

As winter slowly approaches and daylight hours begin to shorten, the tremendous drop in temperature can jeopardise the lives of many woodland creatures; they must begin their preparations and settle down to hibernate.
(2) Draw three lines to match each word to its word class. Use the word's suffix to help you.

| adventurous |
| :---: |
| falsify |
| fixation |


(3) The suffix -en can be added to the word hard to make the word harden. Which of these statements describes the change in the word class? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ The word changes from a verb to a noun.
$\bigcirc$ The word changes from an adjective to an adverb.
$\bigcirc$ The word changes from a noun to an adjective.
O To word changes from an adjective to a verb.
4. Complete the sentence below with a noun formed from the verb donate.

The generous individual made a huge $\qquad$ to charity.

5 Add a suffix to the words in the boxes to complete the sentences. Write the new words on the lines.

The shop decided to $\qquad$ for a new assistant.

They wanted to recruit someone friendly and

$\qquad$

6 Complete each sentence below with a word formed from the root word decor.

The tradesman began to $\qquad$ the room.

We hung up a $\qquad$ on the front door.

## G6.4: Word Families

## What is a suffix?

A word family is a group of words which may share a common root word or morphology. An example of this is the 'happy' word family:
unhappy happiness happily unhappiness

Which suffixes do I need to know and what do they do?
The mit family. Examples are commit, emit and permit.
The gram family. Examples are diagram, program and grammar.
The press family. Examples are pressure, suppress and impressed.
The vent family. Examples are invent, adventure and intervention.
The sign family. Examples are signal, signature and design.
The spect family. Examples are inspect, spectacles and spectacular.
The temp family. Examples are temporary, temperature and temptation.
The solve family. Examples are resolve, solvent and dissolve.
The phon family. Examples are telephone, phonics and symphony.
The struct family. Examples are instructor, destructive and construct.

1. Circle all of the words which belong to the phon word family.

| elephant | phoenix | speakerphone | phantom |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| earphones | phoneme | euphonic | phonetic |

2. All three of the following words belong to the graph word family. Insert the correct word into each sentence.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { paragraph } & \text { autograph } & \text { graphics }
\end{array}
$$

I asked the celebrity for their $\qquad$ .

There was a $\qquad$ in the article all about lions.

The computer $\qquad$ were outstanding.
3. One of the following words does not belong to the same word family as the rest. Tick that word.inventoranniversaryconventionadventitious
4. Complete the sentence using a word belonging to the word family shown in the box. Write your chosen words on the lines.

People communicated using $\qquad$ during the war. gram

I $\qquad$ that my parcel has got lost in the mail. spect

5 What does the root struct mean in the word family below?
structure construct obstruct destructive

## Tick one.

$\bigcirc$ destroy or break down
$\bigcirc$ build or assemble
$\bigcirc$ climb or ascend
$\bigcirc$ be in the middle of

## G7.1: Standard English

## What is Standard English?

Standard English is the term used to describe the form of the English language that is widely accepted as correct. It is used in formal speaking and in formal writing. It does not include any slang or incorrect grammar.
What are the common mistakes people make with Standard English?

- Mixing up was and were, e.g. We was shopping. It were massive.
- Using ain't instead of haven't, e.g. I ain't got it.
- Using no instead of any, e.g. She hasn't got no lunch.
- Using should of instead of should have, e.g. You should of known.
- Using seen instead of saw, e.g. I seen him yesterday.
- Using done instead of did, e.g. I done all my work.
- Using them instead of those, e.g. I want one of them.
- Using none instead of any, e.g. I don't want none of that.
- Using come instead of came, e.g. I only come to see the paintings.
- Incorrectly using borrow and lend, e.g. Can you borrow her a pencil?
- Incorrectly using are and our, e.g. It's are cousin.
(1) Circle the correct verb form in each underlined pair to complete the sentences below.

The last time I saw Samir $\qquad$ just before lunch..

At the shops, there $\qquad$ lots of delicious snacks.

The computers $\qquad$ was/were switched on and ready to use.
(2) Which sentence is written in Standard English? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ A fireman come to our school yesterday.
O My friends was tidying the classroom.
O The children done their school play today.
$\bigcirc$ The teachers were going to send a letter.

3 Which sentence is not written in Standard English? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ There were apples and pears in a bowl.
O I wanted a cake but the shop didn't have none.
O Jamil did an excellent job.
$\bigcirc$ She should have known what to do.

Rewrite the incorrect sentence so that it is written in Standard English.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Tick the word which completes the following sentence using Standard English.

They have taken $\qquad$ seats.
$\bigcirc$ them
$\bigcirc$ are
O none
O our

5. Rewrite and change the following passage so that it is written in Standard English.

> Len said he ain't got no copies of the book to borrow to me. I should of known he'd ruin are project; he's one of them people.

## G7.2: Formal and Informal Vocabulary

## What is formal vocabulary?

Formal vocabulary is a type of speech or writing used for 'serious' situations. It is the style of language you would use for a formal text, such as a letter of complaint. An example of a sentence containing formal vocabulary is:

I wish to acquire a more contemporary device.

## What is informal vocabulary?

Informal vocabulary is a more relaxed type of speech or writing used in everyday situations. It is the style of language you would use in an informal text, such as a diary entry or a postcard. The formal sentence written above changed into more informal vocabulary would be:

## I want to get a more up-to-date gadget.

(1) Draw four lines to match each informal word to its formal synonym.

| pick | wrong | away |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| appear | absent | select |

2) Which sentence is the most formal? Tick one.

O I'm unsure if I should agree with your idea.
O I would be hesitant to agree with your proposal.
O I'm a bit uncertain about your suggestion.
O I don't really want to say yes to your plan.
(3) Circle the most formal option in each box below to complete the passage.

4. Complete the sentence using informal synonyms of the words shown in the boxes. Write your chosen words on the lines.

I wish to $\qquad$ with your mother due to your
$\qquad$ behaviour at school today.
delinquent

5 Rewrite the following sentence so that it uses formal vocabulary.


I'd love to go to the café for a yummy lunch.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Ten Minute Test

Use a stopwatch or a timer to give yourself ten minutes to complete the following questions. Use the answer sheet to check your work and take some time to revisit any areas you need to improve on.

1. Which sentence is written in Standard English? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ I done my homework at my Dad's house.
$\bigcirc$ They seen their friends last weekend.
$\bigcirc$ I been to the cinema with Nanna Cath.
O We sang at the school's Christmas concert.
2. Write an explanation of the word antonym.

Write one word that is an antonym of loud.
3. Which sentence is the most formal? Tick one.

Y Your attendance at the conference is requested.
$\bigcirc$ Would you like to attend the conference?
O We'd like you to come to the meeting.
$\bigcirc$ There's a meeting today - are you coming?

4. Which verb is a synonym of the verb provide? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ buy
$\bigcirc$ make
O give
○ love
5. Complete the passage with adjectives derived from the nouns in brackets.

One has been done for you.


Zed walked the red carpet in a $\qquad$ glamorous [glamour] designer outfit. It is her $\qquad$ [person] goal to be the most adored celebrity in Hollywood. Her $\qquad$ [drama] performances have won her many awards.
6. Draw a line to match each word to the correct suffix to change it to a verb. (Remember; some base words need their ending changing when a suffix is added to give the correct spelling.)

Word

| alphabet |
| :---: |
| simple |
| fortune |

Suffix
$\square$
7. Circle the two words that are synonyms in the sentence below.

Four weary and emaciated travellers trekked gruellingly across the desert, exhausted by the inhospitable climate.
8. Explain how the different prefixes change the meanings of the two sentences below.

The workers were unpaid.
This means that the workers $\qquad$
$\qquad$

The workers were underpaid.
This means that the workers $\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. What does the root vent mean in the word family below?
adventure prevent invent circumvent

Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ to come
$\bigcirc$ to build
$\bigcirc$ to find
$\bigcirc$ to steal
10. The prefix re-can be added to the word view to make the word review. What does the word review mean? Tick one.
$\bigcirc$ to stop viewing
O to never view
O to view again
○ to view quickly

